CITY OF VASSAR

Tuscola County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Vassar, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Vassar as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Vassar's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the City of Vassar as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

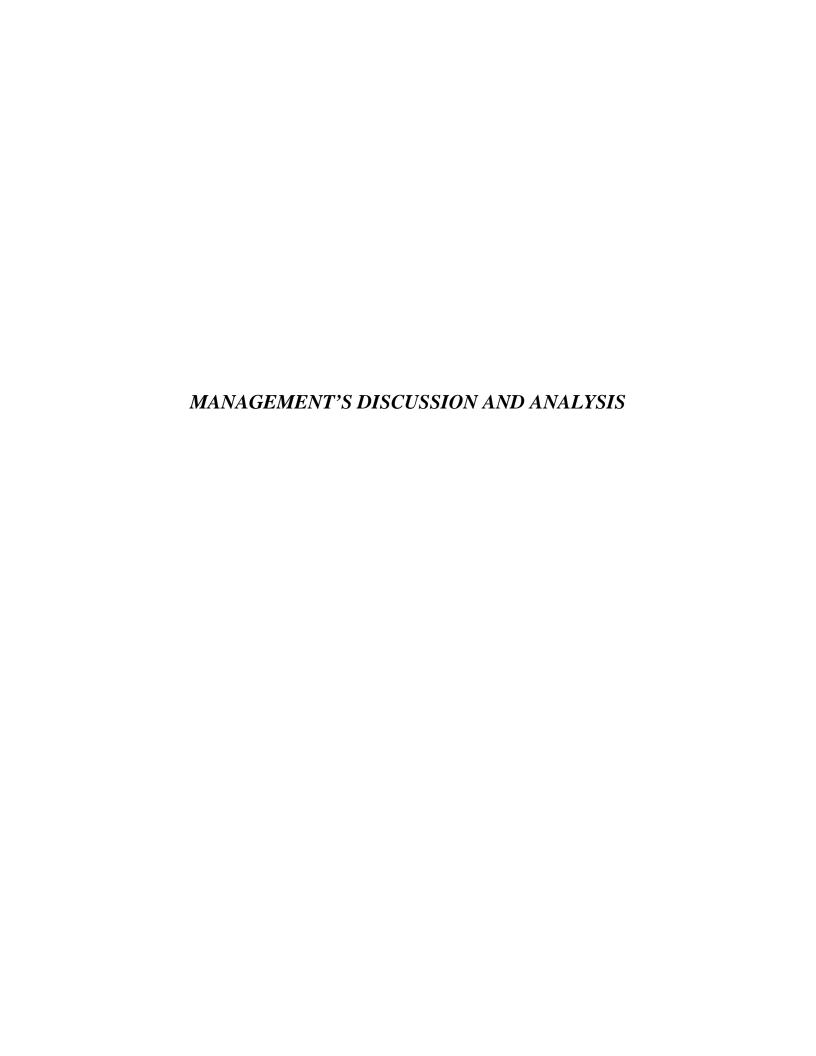
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2008 on our consideration of the City of Vassar's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, schedule of pension plan funding progress and budgetary comparison schedule are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Vassar's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Berthiaume & Co.

Saginaw, Michigan October 29, 2008



As management of the City of Vassar (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,623,629 (net assets). Of this amount, \$1,635,708 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and others.

During the fiscal year, the City's total net assets increased by \$21,435. Governmental activities increased by \$111,404, while business-type activities decreased by \$89,969.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,424,132, an increase of \$201,900 in comparison with prior year. Approximately 11 percent of this total or \$151,730 is reserved for various purposes. Of the remaining unreserved fund balance, \$37,589 is designated for special purposes, leaving an unreserved, undesignated fund balance of \$1,234,813.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$452,339, or approximately twenty-six (26) percent of the General Fund's annual expenditures (including transfers).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplemental information and other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state or local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains fourteen (14) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other thirteen (13) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, the City's only major fund, to demonstrate compliance with that budget.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses Enterprise Funds to account for sewage collection, water distribution, and stormwater management. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses Internal Service Funds to account for insurance claims.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Sewer and Water Funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. The nonmajor Enterprise Fund and Internal Service Fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 22 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for the resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the City.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplemental information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For all activities of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,623,629 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Most of this amount (77 percent) reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; thus, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets (8 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they are to be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (15 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and others.

City of Vassar's Net Assets

	Governmental		Business-type				
	Acti	vities	Acti	Activities		otal	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Assets:							
Other assets	\$ 1,637,560	\$ 1,430,338	\$ 1,674,074	\$ 1,878,029	\$ 3,311,634	\$ 3,308,367	
Capital assets	3,041,182	3,204,563	6,543,422	6,607,431	9,584,604	9,811,994	
Total assets	4,678,742	4,634,901	8,217,496	8,485,460	12,896,238	13,120,361	
Liabilities:							
Other liabilities	172,282	81,378	196,988	36,739	369,270	118,117	
Long-term liabilities	772,249	930,716	1,131,090	1,469,334	1,903,339	2,400,050	
Total liabilities	944,531	1,012,094	1,328,078	1,506,073	2,272,609	2,518,167	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	2,864,071	2,978,111	5,273,422	5,167,431	8,137,493	8,145,542	
Restricted	638,533	571,650	211,895	212,282	850,428	783,932	
Unrestricted	231,607	73,046	1,404,101	1,599,674	1,635,708	1,672,720	
Total net assets	\$ 3,734,211	\$ 3,622,807	\$ 6,889,418	\$ 6,979,387	\$10,623,629	\$10,602,194	

Statement of Activities

During the current fiscal year, the government's total net assets increased by \$21,435. Governmental activities increased by \$111,404, while business-type activities decreased by \$89,969.

Governmental Activities

The net assets increased for governmental activities in the current fiscal year mainly due to spending cuts implemented in the current fiscal year.

Business-type Activities

The City's Water Fund has remained stable over the past year in spite of revenue reductions that are related to changes in the manufacturing sector's water usage. The depreciation of assets is a major factor in the net loss that the Sewer Fund has experienced over the years.

City of Vassar's Changes in Net Assets

		Governmental Activities		ss-type vities	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 366,585	\$ 371,188	\$ 1,048,156	\$ 1,017,122	\$ 1,414,741	\$ 1,388,310	
Operating grants	292,552	263,814	179	221	292,731	264,035	
General revenues							
Property taxes	997,512	987,405	-	-	997,512	987,405	
Franchise fees	8,214	7,822	-	-	8,214	7,822	
State revenue sharing	359,914	359,914	-	-	359,914	359,914	
Investment earnings	63,204	72,075	65,350	84,150	128,554	156,225	
Miscellaneous	26,042	14,257			26,042	14,257	
Total revenues	2,114,023	2,076,475	1,113,685	1,101,493	3,227,708	3,177,968	
Program Expenses:							
General government	655,397	577,155	-	-	655,397	577,155	
Public safety	590,672	641,375	-	-	590,672	641,375	
Public works	506,810	1,464,079	-	-	506,810	1,464,079	
Health and welfare	22,584	22,584	-	-	22,584	22,584	
Community and economic							
development	4,817	28,562	-	-	4,817	28,562	
Recreation and culture	191,418	242,611	-	-	191,418	242,611	
Interest on long-term debt	41,351	42,545	-	-	41,351	42,545	
Sewer	-	-	777,113	757,394	777,113	757,394	
Water	-	-	409,243	366,769	409,243	366,769	
Stormwater Management			17,298	27,959	17,298	27,959	
Total program expenses	2,013,049	3,018,911	1,203,654	1,152,122	3,216,703	4,171,033	
Increase in net assets							
before other items	100,974	(942,436)	(89,969)	(50,629)	11,005	(993,065)	
Other items:							
Contributions to principal	2,600	900	_	_	2,600	900	
Sale of capital assets - gains	7,830	9,215	_	4,770	7,830	13,985	
Transfers		(12,077)		12,077			
Total other items	10,430	(1,962)		16,847	10,430	14,885	
Change in net assets	111,404	(944,398)	(89,969)	(33,782)	21,435	(978,180)	
Net assets, beginning	3,622,807	4,567,205	6,979,387	7,013,169	10,602,194	11,580,374	
Net assets, ending	\$ 3,734,211	\$ 3,622,807	\$ 6,889,418	\$ 6,979,387	\$10,623,629	\$10,602,194	

City Funds Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City Council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as show accountability for certain activities. The City's major governmental fund is the General Fund. Additionally, the City reports the Sewer and Water funds as major proprietary funds.

The General Fund accounts for functions relating to the general government activities of the City, which are financed by property tax levies, distribution of State revenues, and fees charged for various municipal activities and services. This fund had an increased fund balance of \$85,657.

The Sewer Fund covers the operations of the City's sewage treatment plant and the maintenance and construction of the sewer distribution system.

The Water Fund finances the operations of the water treatment plant and the entire transmission and distribution system.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council and City management monitor and amend the budget to account for unanticipated events during the year.

There were not major changes to the originally adopted budget for the current fiscal year. Quarterly budget amendments were adopted through the end of the year to reflect the changes in our financial position.

Once again, several factors impacted the General Fund in this fiscal year. The significant items include the following:

- **Total Revenue**: The City experienced a decrease of \$36,777, which equals a 1.98% reduction in total revenue in fiscal year 2008 from the originally adopted budget.
- **Total Expenditures**: Total expenditures decreased a total of 6.17% from the original budgeted total.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008 amounts to \$9,584,604 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, systems, streets, and sidewalks. Governmental activities included additions of \$24,145 in buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure. Business-type activities included additions of \$234,427 in various equipment and system additions.

Debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt (excluding compensated absences) outstanding of \$2,065,255. Of this amount, \$795,255 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remaining of the City's debt (\$1,270,000) is backed solely by specified revenue sources. Neither the governmental activities nor the business-type activities incurred any new debt during the current fiscal year.

Economic Factors

The City of Vassar's economic future is currently dependent upon many factors that are beyond the control of the City Council and City management. The downturn in the automotive industry combined with the restructuring of that industry not only affected our current revenue stream but will also have a significant impact on the City's financial future. This year the outlook for the automotive industry is even more dim, with talks of bankruptcy and/or mergers.

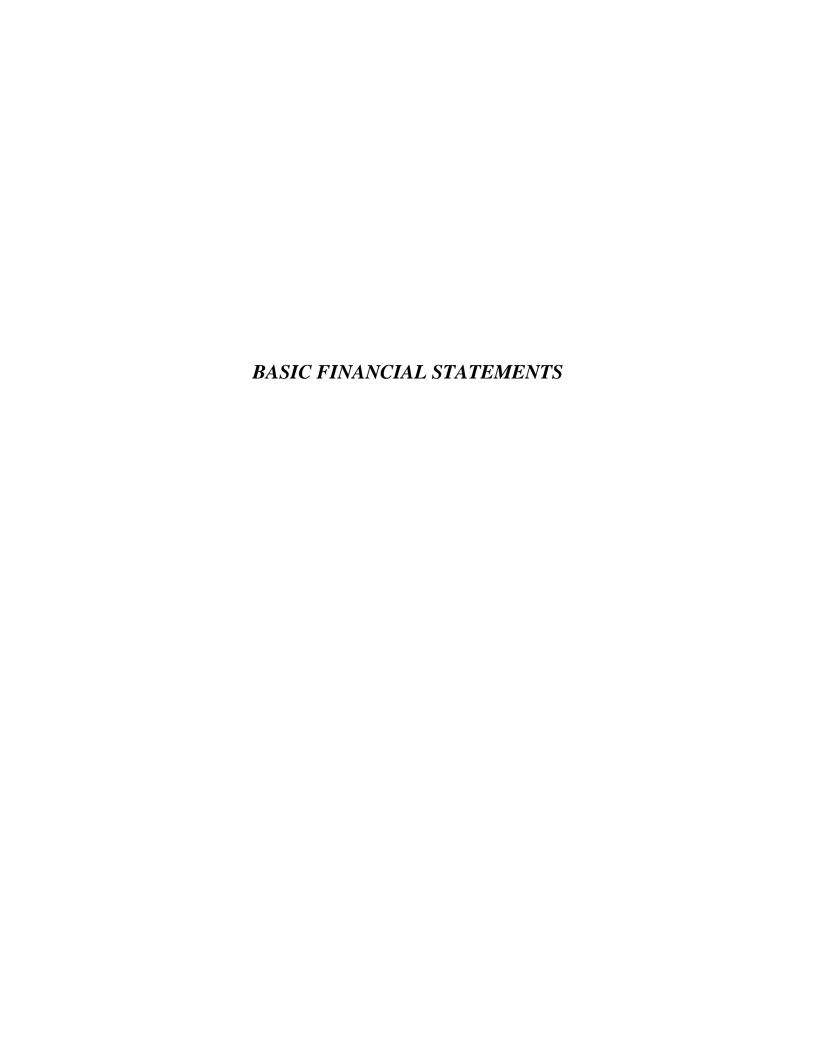
The State of Michigan's economy continued to decline in this fiscal year. The local economy reflects this trend and ultimately affects our long-term financial outlook. While some industries, such as, renewable energy sources are beginning to grow, others, financial and manufacturing industries, are struggling to survive. One of our major employers, Means Industries, closed its doors in the spring of 2008. This will certainly have a huge impact on the City.

Interest rates have held steady throughout this fiscal year, which improved our interest earnings over fiscal year 2007.

These uncertain times in our economy create the need for the City to utilize strategic planning methods in the years ahead. In spite of the cost saving measures implemented, rising costs for fuel, electricity, supplies, and personnel continued to impact our overall budget. All City funds are impacted by these increased costs. The City administration and Council will continue to look for ways to reduce costs wherever possible.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Vassar City Hall, 287 E. Huron Avenue, Vassar, MI 48768.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	<i>Pr</i>			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,318,608	\$ 1,274,040	\$ 2,592,648	\$ 136,117
Receivables	289,740	130,206	419,946	100,192
Internal balances	(3,109)		-	-
Inventory	5,436	_	5,436	_
Prepaid expenses	26,885	6,290	33,175	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	211,895	211,895	-
Capital assets:		,	,	
Nondepreciable capital assets	526,669	43,009	569,678	52,663
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,514,513	6,500,413	9,014,926	-
Other assets	-	48,534	48,534	-
Total assets	4,678,742	8,217,496	12,896,238	288,972
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	103,404	26,988	130,392	11,545
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	68,878	170,000	238,878	-
Due in more than one year	772,249	1,131,090	1,903,339	
Total liabilities	944,531	1,328,078	2,272,609	11,545
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,864,071	5,273,422	8,137,493	52,663
Restricted for:	_,,	-,,	2,227,172	,
Debt service	-	193,262	193,262	-
Asset replacement	-	18,633	18,633	-
Streets	519,124	- -	519,124	-
Nonexpendable cemetery principal	119,409	_	119,409	-
Unrestricted	231,607	1,404,101	1,635,708	224,764
Total net assets	\$ 3,734,211	\$ 6,889,418	\$ 10,623,629	\$ 277,427

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2008

		1	ies		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Functions/Programs	'				<u> </u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 655,397	\$ 112,352	\$ 15,352	\$ -	\$ (527,693)
Public safety	590,672	66,643	9,659	-	(514,370)
Public works	506,810	145,819	259,360	-	(101,631)
Health and welfare	22,584	22,785	-	-	201
Community and economic development	4,817	-	131	-	(4,686)
Recreation and culture	191,418	18,986	8,050	-	(164,382)
Interest on long-term debt	41,351				(41,351)
Total governmental activities	2,013,049	366,585	292,552		(1,353,912)
Business-type activities:					
Sewer	777,113	568,990	63	_	(208,060)
Water	409,243	428,319	116	-	19,192
Stormwater Management	17,298	50,847			33,549
Total business-type activities	1,203,654	1,048,156	179		(155,319)
Total primary government	\$3,216,703	\$ 1,414,741	\$ 292,731	\$ -	\$(1,509,231)
COMPONENT UNITS:					
Economic development corporation	\$ 24,497	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (24,497)
Downtown development authority	18,260	1,980			(16,280)
Total component units	\$ 42,757	\$ 1,980	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (40,777)

	Pri	ent		
		Business-		
	Governmental type Activities Activities		<u>Total</u>	Component Units
Changes in net assets: Net (Expense) Revenue	\$ (1,353,912)	\$ (155,319)	\$ (1,509,231)	\$ (40,777)
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$ (1,333,912)	\$ (133,319)	\$ (1,309,231)	<u>\$ (40,777)</u>
General revenues Taxes:				
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	917,369	-	917,369	_
Property taxes, County allocation for streets	75,717	-	75,717	-
Property taxes, captured by component units	-	-	-	85,898
Payment in lieu of property taxes	4,426	-	4,426	-
Franchise fees	8,214	-	8,214	-
Grants and contributions not restricted to				
specific programs	359,914	-	359,914	-
Unrestricted investment earnings	63,204	65,350	128,554	820
Miscellaneous	26,042	-	26,042	400
Contributions to principal of permanent fund	2,600	-	2,600	-
Special items - Gain on sale of capital asset	7,830		7,830	150
Total general revenues, contributions,				
and special items	1,465,316	65,350	1,530,666	87,268
Change in net assets	111,404	(89,969)	21,435	46,491
Net assets, beginning of year	3,622,807	6,979,387	10,602,194	230,936
Net assets, end of year	\$ 3,734,211	\$ 6,889,418	\$ 10,623,629	\$ 277,427

$GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS$

BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2008

	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	464,928	\$	816,212	\$	1,281,140
Taxes receivable		19,566		-		19,566
Accounts receivable		27,323		24,783		52,106
Special assessments receivable		=		3,203		3,203
Notes receivable		26,701		45,672		72,373
Accrued interest receivable		-		148		148
Due from other governmental units		75,155		67,189		142,344
Due from other funds		-		2,087		2,087
Inventory		5,436		-		5,436
Prepaid expenditures		20,004		6,881		26,885
Total assets	\$	639,113	\$	966,175	\$	1,605,288
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	41,676	\$	6,749	\$	48,425
Due to other governmental units		17,993		-		17,993
Due to other funds		3,409		1,787		5,196
Deposits payable		14,400		-		14,400
Deferred revenue		46,267		48,875		95,142
Total liabilities		123,745		57,411		181,156
Fund balances:						
Reserved for:						
Inventory		5,436		-		5,436
Prepaid expenditures		20,004		6,881		26,885
Nonexpendable cemetery principal		-		119,409		119,409
Unreserved:						
Designated, reported in:						
General fund		37,589		-		37,589
Undesignated, reported in:						
General fund		452,339		-		452,339
Special revenue funds				782,474		782,474
Total fund balances		515,368		908,764		1,424,132
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	639,113	\$	966,175	\$	1,605,288

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 1,424,132
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of of net assets is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	5,199,860	
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,158,678)	3,041,182
Accrued interest in the governmental activities is not payable from current resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.		(22,586)
Deferred revenues reported in the governmental funds are recognized as revenues for the governmental activities.		
Delinquent personal property taxes	19,566	
Notes	72,373	
Special assessments	3,203	95,142
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Long-term debt	(795,255)	
Compensated absences payable	(45,872)	(841,127)
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental		
activities in the statement of net assets.		37,468
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 3,734,211

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	919,307	\$	75,717	\$	995,024
Licenses and permits		11,094		-		11,094
Federal grants		-		3,131		3,131
State grants		362,631		259,343		621,974
Contributions from other units		5,166		75,747		80,913
Charges for services		205,992		40,281		246,273
Fines and forfeits		7,583		-		7,583
Interest and rents		205,162		37,106		242,268
Other revenue		107,500		43,334		150,834
Total revenues		1,824,435		534,659		2,359,094
Expenditures: Current						
General government		484,569		72,342		556,911
Public safety		509,155		104,928		614,083
Public works		251,037		366,159		
Health and welfare		22,584		300,139		617,196
Community and economic development		4,817		-		22,584
Recreation and culture		4,817		166 200		4,817
		24 220		166,208		166,208
Other		34,239		7 220		34,239
Capital outlay		20,322		7,329		27,651
Debt service		76 693		7,000		92 (92
Principal		76,682		7,000 4,522		83,682
Interest and fees		39,411				43,933
Total expenditures		1,442,816		728,488		2,171,304
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		381,619		(193,829)		187,790
Other financing sources (uses):						
Insurance recoveries		14,110		_		14,110
Transfers from other funds		-		314,448		314,448
Transfers to other funds		(310,072)		(4,376)		(314,448)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(295,962)		310,072		14,110
Net change in fund balances		85,657		116,243		201,900
Fund balances, beginning of year		429,711		792,521		1,222,232
Fund balances, end of year	\$	515,368	\$	908,764	\$	1,424,132

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 201,900
Total change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	24,145	
Less depreciation expense	(187,526)	(163,381)
Collection of certain items recorded as deferred revenue are considered current financial resources in the governmental funds. In the statement of activities, these items have been recorded as revenue.		
Delinquent personal property taxes	2,488	
Notes	(22,909)	
Special assessments	(283)	(20,704)
Repayments of principal on long-term obligations are expenditures in governmental but the payments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		83,682
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences payable	5,907	
Change in accrued interest payable	2,582	8,489
The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		1,418
Change in net assets of governmental activities		<u>\$ 111,404</u>

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities				
	Major Enter	N H Major Enterprise Funds			
	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Stormwater Management Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Self Insurance Fund
Assets:					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable	\$ 223,870 62,297 11,622	\$ 1,000,228 28,857 21,583	\$ 49,942 5,256	\$ 1,274,040 96,410 33,205	\$ 37,468
Accrued interest receivable	591	-	-	591	-
Due from other funds	76,088	2,021	-	78,109	-
Prepaid expenses	5,438	852		6,290	
Total current assets	379,906	1,053,541	55,198	1,488,645	37,468
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Capital assets:	126,909	84,986	-	211,895	-
Nondepreciable capital assets	33,422	9,587	-	43,009	-
Depreciable capital assets, net Deferred financing costs	4,975,848 20,766	1,499,150 27,768	25,415	6,500,413 48,534	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets	5,156,945	1,621,491	25,415	6,803,851	
Total assets	5,536,851	2,675,032	80,613	8,292,496	37,468
Liabilities: Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	6,996	3,395	399	10,790	-
Due to other funds Accrued interest payable	9,135	75,000 7,063	-	75,000 16,198	-
Current portion of long-term debt	95,874	74,126		170,000	<u> </u>
Total current liabilities	112,005	159,584	399	271,988	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	15,433	15,657	-	31,090	-
Long-term debt	620,360	479,640		1,100,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities	635,793	495,297		1,131,090	
Total liabilities	747,798	654,881	399	1,403,078	

continued

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS, CONTINUED

		Governmental Activities			
	Major Enterprise Funds		vpe Activities Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		
	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Stormwater Management Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Self Insurance Fund
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,293,036	954,971	25,415	5,273,422	-
Restricted for:					
Debt service	108,276	84,986	-	193,262	-
Asset replacement	18,633	-	-	18,633	-
Unrestricted	369,108	980,194	54,799	1,404,101	37,468
Total net assets	\$ 4,789,053	\$ 2,020,151	\$ 80,214	\$ 6,889,418	\$ 37,468

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Busines	s-ty	pe Activities		Governmental <u>Activities</u>
	Major Enterpri		prise Funds		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	_	
	Sewe Fund		Water Fund		Stormwater Managemen Fund		Self Insurance Fund
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 558	,339	\$ 411,9	64	\$ 50,845	\$ 1,021,148	\$ -
Penalties		-	12,2	90	-	12,290	-
Other	7	,697	4,0	65	2	11,764	
Total operating revenues	566	,036	428,3	19	50,847	1,045,202	
Operating expenses:							
Personnel	216		87,2		5,697		-
Fringe benefits		,153	18,1		429	,	-
Supplies		,924	31,9		1,135		-
Contracted services		,811	2,5		-	18,403	-
Administrative expense		,000	22,0		1,000		-
Communication		,057	6,8		-	10,952	-
Fees and permits	1	,950	1,6		-	3,604	-
Conference and travel		861	1,5		-	2,451	-
Insurance		,110	2,2		-	9,397	-
Utilities		,792	37,5		-	114,385	-
Repairs and maintenance		,605	79,6		614	,	-
Equipment rental		,315	19,1		2,756		-
Other services and supplies		,394	5,7		1,320		-
Depreciation	230	,805	62,1	64	1,393	294,362	
Total operating expenses	734	,398	378,7	14	14,344	1,127,456	
Operating income (loss)	(168	,362)	49,6	05	36,503	(82,254)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						_	
Interest income	23	,872	40,3		1,085		1,418
Special assessments interest		63	1	16	-	179	-
Loan repayments	2	,954	-		(2,954)		-
Insurance recoveries		<u>-</u>	3,9		-	3,963	-
Interest and amortization expense	(42	<u>,715</u>)	(34,4	92)		(77,207)	
Net non-operating revenues	(15	,826)	9,9	80	(1,869	(7,715)	1,418

continued

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>			
	Major Enterp	Major Enterprise Funds			
	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Stormwater Management Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Self Insurance Fund
Net income (loss)	(184,188)	59,585	34,634	(89,969)	1,418
Net assets, beginning of year	4,973,241	1,960,566	45,580	6,979,387	36,050
Net assets, end of year	\$ 4,789,053	\$ 2,020,151	\$ 80,214	\$ 6,889,418	\$ 37,468

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Business-ty	vpe Activities		Governmental Activities
	Nonmajor Enterprise Major Enterprise Funds Fund				
	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Stormwater Management Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Self Insurance Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from interfund services Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers for	\$ 558,662 (76,088) (215,154)		\$ 50,717 - (5,697)	\$ 1,053,563 (3,109) (307,850)	\$ 497 - -
goods and services	(288,985)	(234,585)	(6,855)	(530,425)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(21,565)	195,579	38,165	212,179	497
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Special assessments interest	63	116	-	179	-
Loan repayments	2,954	-	(2,954)	-	-
Insurance recoveries	- (174.416)	3,963	-	3,963	-
Acquisition of capital assets Principal payments	(174,416) (95,874)			(234,427) (170,000)	-
Interest paid	(40,117)		<u> </u>	(71,134)	<u> </u>
Net cash used by capital and					
related financing activities	(307,390)	(161,075)	(2,954)	(471,419)	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	23,872	40,393	1,085	65,350	1,418
Net cash provided by investing activities	23,872	40,393	1,085	65,350	1,418
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(305,083)	74,897	36,296	(193,890)	1,915
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	655,862	1,010,317	13,646	1,679,825	35,553
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 350,779	\$ 1,085,214	\$ 49,942	\$ 1,485,935	\$ 37,468

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities						Governmental Activities			
	Major Enterpri. Sewer		Water		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Stormwater Management		Total Enterprise		1	Self nsurance
		Fund	_	Fund		Fund		Funds	Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(168, 362)	\$	49,605	\$	36,503	\$	(82,254)	\$	_
Adjustments:	·	, , ,	·	,		,		, , ,	·	
Depreciation		230,805		62,164		1,393		294,362		-
Loss on capital assets		4,074		-		-		4,074		_
Change in assets and liabilities:										
Accounts receivable		(7,808)		9,414		(130)		1,476		-
Special assessments receivable		1,025		1,905		-		2,930		-
Accrued interest receivable		(591)		4,546		-		3,955		497
Due from other funds		(76,088)		(2,021)		-		(78,109)		-
Prepaid expenses		(1,128)		(132)		-		(1,260)		-
Accounts payable		(3,832)		(4,320)		399		(7,753)		-
Due to other funds		-		75,000		-		75,000		-
Accrued interest payable		(1,127)		(871)		-		(1,998)		-
Compensated absences payable		1,467	_	289		-		1,756		_
Net cash provided (used) by										
operating activities	\$	(21,565)	\$	195,579	\$	38,165	\$	212,179	\$	497

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

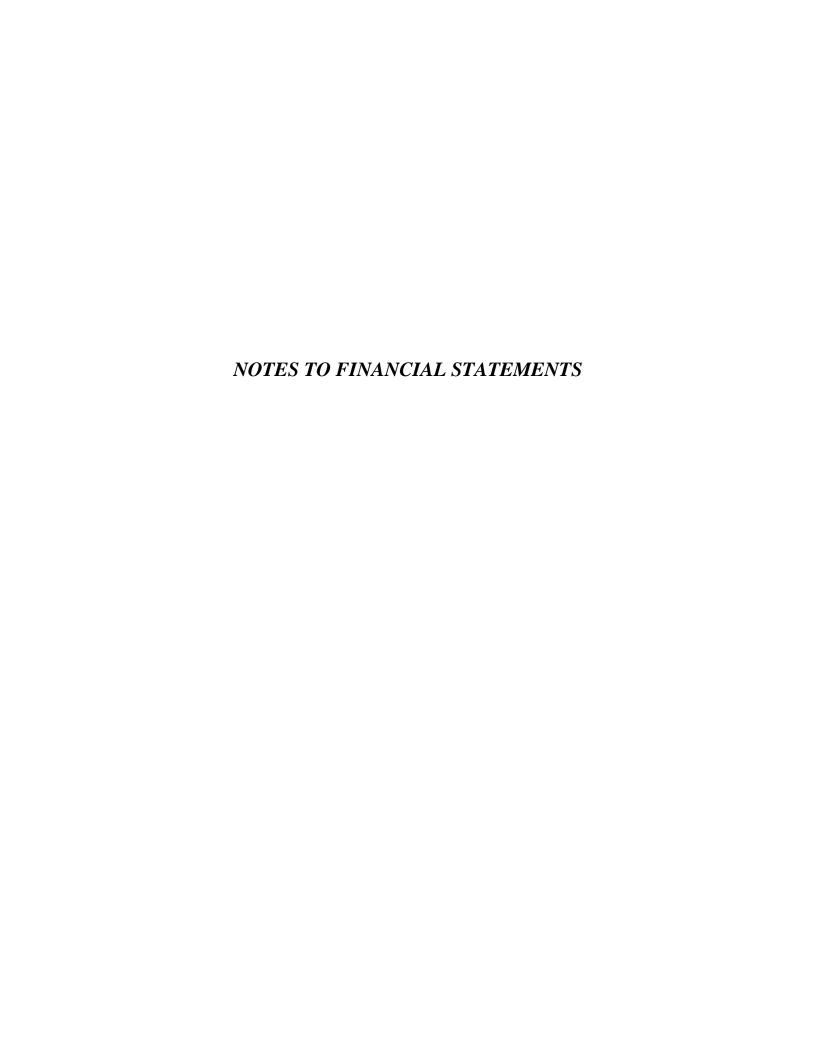
	Private Purpose Trust <u>Funds</u>	Agency Funds	Total		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,844	\$ 43,099	\$ 45,943		
Total assets	2,844	43,099	45,943		
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	-	31,392	31,392		
Due to other governmental units		11,707	11,707		
Total liabilities	-	43,099	43,099		
Net Assets:					
Held in trust	2,844		2,844		
Total net assets	\$ 2,844	\$ -	\$ 2,844		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Purpo	rivate ose Trust unds
Additions: Investment income	<u>\$</u>	99
Net increase		99
Net assets held in trust, beginning of year		2,745
Net assets held in trust, end of year	\$	2,844



June 30, 2008

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Vassar was incorporated in 1945 and is located in Tuscola County, Michigan. The City is organized under Michigan's Comprehensive Home Rule City Act. City government is directed by a five member City Council elected by the community at large. The legislative body selects from among its members the Mayor and appoints a City Manager to administer the affairs of the City. The City provides the following services to approximately 2,800 residents as authorized by its charter: Public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, recreation and culture, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City of Vassar conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity:

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City and its component units. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component units column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's two component units. These units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The component units are described as follows:

Economic Development Corporation - The members of the governing board of the Economic Development Corporation are appointed by the City Council.

Downtown Development Authority - The members of the governing board of the Downtown Development Authority are appointed by the City Council. The budgets and expenditures of the Downtown Development Authority must be approved by the City Council. The City also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Downtown Development Authority.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

June 30, 2008

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are business-type activities. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents governmental activities on a consolidated basis, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net assets are reported in three parts (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, (2) restricted net assets, and (3) unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.). The City does not allocate indirect costs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the City has eliminated interfund transactions.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from current year activities.

Fund Financial Statements:

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

June 30, 2008

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Fiduciary funds are accounted for on a spending or economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses for the operation of a sewer system.

Water Fund – The Water Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses for the operation of a water system.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do no conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity:

Deposits and Investments – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments, if any, are stated at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools, if any, to be cash equivalents.

June 30, 2008

Restricted Assets – Certain resources set aside for repayment of bonds and to meet bond covenants, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assts because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Receivables and Payables – Generally, outstanding amounts owed between funds are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are caused by transferring revenues and expenses between funds to get them into the proper reporting fund. These balances are paid back as cash flow permits.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses – Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of some materials of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased, but the majority are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid expenses in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets – Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$5,000. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Public domain (infrastructure) assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the government) are capitalized if acquired after July 1, 2003. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years
Vehicles	3-25 years
Furniture and other equipment	3-15 years

Compensated Absences – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick days. Depending on whether the employee is union, non-union, full-time or part-time and on hire date, the employee can accumulate from 45 to 180 sick days. Upon retirement or leaving the employment of the City, union employees are paid for one half of their accumulated days, while non-union employees are paid for all of their accumulated days, subject to certain limitations. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only when they have matured or come due for payment – generally when an individual's employment has terminated as of year end.

Long-term Obligations – In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets.

Fund Equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

June 30, 2008

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Eliminations and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Property Taxes:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are due without penalty on or before July 31. The City bills and collects its own property taxes as well as those of Vassar Public Schools, Tuscola Intermediate School District and Tuscola County. Collections of these taxes and remittance of them to the entities are accounted for in the tax collection agency fund. City property tax revenues are recognized in the general fund. The delinquent real property taxes of the City are purchased by Tuscola County.

The 2007 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$53,168,493, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 17.5000 mills for the City's operating purposes.

The City also receives road taxes levied by Tuscola County.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first Council meeting in April, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to the third Monday in May, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds except Trust and Agency and Internal Service Funds.
- 5. Governmental fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A comparison of actual results of operations to the General Fund budget as originally adopted and amended by the City Council is included in the required supplemental information.
- 6. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

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Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds:

During the year, the City incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted, as follows:

	<u> </u>	Final Budget				Excess	
General Fund							
Other	\$	14,646	\$	34,239	\$	19,593	
Debt service interest		39,386		39,411		25	

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency of instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year-end, the City had \$2,984,412 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts), of which \$613,397 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits, and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

At year-end, the City had no investments.

NOTE 4: RESTRICTED ASSETS AND BOND RESERVES

The authorizing ordinance for the 1998 Refunding Bonds requires the establishment and maintenance of various reserve funds as follows:

Operation and Maintenance Fund - The City is required to set aside a sum sufficient to provide for the payment of the next month's administration and operation expenses.

Bond and Interest Redemption Fund - The City is required to set aside a sum sufficient to provide for the payment of the current bond principal and interest payment less accrued interest available in the Redemption Fund.

June 30, 2008

Replacement Fund - The City is required to set aside money in a Replacement Fund, as the Council may deem advisable.

Improvement Fund - The City is required to set aside money in an Improvement Fund, as the Council may deem advisable.

The official statement for the 1998 Refunding Bonds states the following:

Bond Reserve Account: Upon the issuance of the Bonds, the bond reserve account established with respect to the Refunded Bonds (the "Bond Reserve Account") will be equal to the lesser of (1) the maximum annual debt service due on the Bonds, (2) 125% of the average annual debt service requirements on the Bonds, or (3) 10% of the principal amount of the Bonds. Except as provided in the Ordinance, the monies credited to the Bond Reserve Account shall be used solely for the payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds as to which there would otherwise be a default. If at any time it shall be necessary to use monies credited to the Bond Reserve Account for such payment, then the monies so used shall be replaced from the Net Revenues first received thereafter which are not required for current principal and interest requirements. If Additional Bonds from time to time are issued, each ordinance authorizing the Additional Bonds shall provide for additional deposits to the Bond Reserve Account to be made in an amount that will result in the Bond Reserve Account being equal to the lesser of (1), (2), or (3) above after issuance of the Additional Bonds.

As of June 30, 2008 the City has set aside sufficient amounts as follows:

		Business-type Activities					
		Sewer		Water		Total	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:							
Bond reserve	\$	108,116	\$	83,591	\$	191,707	
Bond and interest redemption		160		1,395		1,555	
Replacement reserve		18,633				18,633	
	<u>\$</u>	126,909	\$	84,986	\$	211,895	

The required minimum amount for the bond reserve is 125% of the average annual debt service requirement. The total bond reserve amount was deposited upon issuance of the bonds. The City has sufficient assets in both funds to fund the reserves.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2008 was as follows:

June 30, 2008

	July 1, 2007	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2008
Governmental activities:			·	
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 526,669	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 526,669
Depreciable capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	1,317,363	-	-	1,317,363
Furniture and equipment	1,125,410	17,967	(7,615)	1,135,762
Infrastructure	1,483,355	6,178	-	1,489,533
Vehicles	730,533			730,533
Total depreciable capital assets	4,656,661	24,145	(7,615)	4,673,191
Accumulated depreciation	(1,978,767)	(187,526)	7,615	(2,158,678)
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,677,894	(163,381)		2,514,513
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 3,204,563	\$ (163,381)	\$ -	\$ 3,041,182
Proginaga tuma gatiniti aga				
Business-type activities: Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 43,009	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,009
Depreciable capital assets		·	<u>-</u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Equipment	548,583	186,561	(103,834)	631,310
Land improvements	60,489	-	-	60,489
Sewer mains	1,244,002	-	-	1,244,002
Sewer treatment plant	7,721,379	-	-	7,721,379
Water buildings and tower	518,952	-	-	518,952
Water mains	2,046,120	47,866		2,093,986
Total depreciable capital assets	12,139,525	234,427	(103,834)	12,270,118
Accumulated depreciation	(5,575,103)	(294,362)	99,760	(5,769,705)
Depreciable capital assets, net	6,564,422	(59,935)	(4,074)	6,500,413
Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$ 6,607,431	\$ (59,935)	\$ (4,074)	\$ 6,543,422
Component units: Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 54,264	\$ -	\$ (1,601)	\$ 52,663
Depreciable capital assets Buildings and improvements	79,845	_	(79,845)	_
Total depreciable capital assets	79,845	-	(79,845)	-
Accumulated depreciation	(1,597)	-	1,597	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	78,248		(78,248)	
Component units, capital assets, net	\$ 132,512	\$ -	\$ (79,849)	\$ 52,663

June 30, 2008

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the governmental, business-type activities and component units as follows:

	Gove Ad	Business-type Activities		
General government	\$	82,260	\$	-
Public safety		49,711		-
Public works		24,167		-
Recreation and culture		31,388		-
Sewer		-		230,805
Water		-		62,164
Stormwater Management				1,393
	\$	187,526	\$	294,362

NOTE 6: DEFERRED REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At year end, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	navailable
	Governmen Funds	tal Component Units
Personal property taxes	\$ 19,	566 \$ -
Special assessments	3,	203 -
Notes	72,;	373 100,192
Total	<u>\$ 95,</u>	142 \$ 100,192

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City may issue bonds, loans, notes and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds and County contracts are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences.

June 30, 2008

Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

		Interest	Annual Principal	•	Original Issue		Balance at
Types of Indebtedness	Maturity	Rates	Installments		Amount	_}	Year-End
Governmental activities:							
Notes:							
2004 Rural Development - Fire Truck	9/01/07-9/01/19	4.75%	\$7,000-8,700	\$	111,700	\$	91,700
Agreements:							
2004 Installment Purchase - Street Sweeper	10/28/07-10/28/10	3.30%	25,780-29,428		162,800		85,411
2005 Installment Purchase - Crown Victorias	8/05/07	6.00%	14,803-15,691		47,126		-
2006 County Contract - Moore Drain	12/01/07-12/01/25	5.31734%	34,341		686,826		618,144
Business-type activities:							
Revenue Refunding Bonds:							
1998 Issue - Water and Sewer Systems	4/01/07-4/01/27	4.6-5.25%	\$45,000-180,000	\$	2,775,000	\$	1,270,000

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	July 1, 2007		Additions		Payments		June 30, 2008		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Notes and Agreements:										
2005 Installment purchase - Crown Victorias	\$	15,691	\$	-	\$	(15,691)	\$	-	\$	-
2004 Installment purchase - Street Sweeper		112,061		-		(26,650)		85,411		27,537
2004 Rural Development note - Fire Truck		98,700		-		(7,000)		91,700		7,000
2006 County Contract - Moore Drain		652,485		-		(34,341)		618,144		34,341
Compensated absences		51,779		_		(5,907)		45,872		
Total governmental activities										
-long-term liabilities	\$	930,716	\$		\$	(89,589)	\$	841,127	\$	68,878
Business-type activities:										
Revenue Refunding Bonds:										
1998 Issue	\$	1,440,000	\$	-	\$	(170,000)	\$	1,270,000	\$	170,000
Compensated absences		29,334		1,756		-		31,090		-
Total business-type activities										
-long-term liabilities	\$	1,469,334	\$	1,756	\$	(170,000)	\$	1,301,090	\$	170,000

June 30, 2008

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for all outstanding debt (excluding compensated absences payable) as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Fiscal	Governmental Activities					Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities			
Year Ended	P	rincipal	1	Interest	_	Total		Total		Principal Interest		Interest		Total
2009	\$	68,878	\$	40,011	\$	108,889	\$	170,000	\$	64,792	\$	234,792		
2010		69,800		36,840		106,640		180,000		56,633		236,633		
2011		70,756		33,725		104,481		50,000		47,812		97,812		
2012		41,341		30,583		71,924		50,000		45,250		95,250		
2013		41,341		28,495		69,836		50,000		42,688		92,688		
2014-2018		211,705		109,202		320,907		240,000		175,256		415,256		
2019-2023		188,405		55,414		243,819		270,000		114,187		384,187		
2024-2026		103,029		10,960		113,989		260,000		34,125		294,125		
	\$	795,255	\$	345,230	\$	1,140,485	\$	1,270,000	\$	580,743	\$	1,850,743		

NOTE 8: DISAGGREGATED RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Receivables and payables as of year end for the City's governmental, business-type activities and component units in the aggregate are as follows:

			Business-type		Component	
		ctivities	<u>A</u>	ctivities		Units
Receivables:						
Personal property taxes	\$	19,566	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts		52,106		96,410		-
Special assessments		3,203		33,205		-
Notes/Loans		72,373		-		100,192
Accrued interest		148		591		-
Intergovernmental		142,344				
Total receivables	\$	289,740	\$	130,206	\$	100,192
Accounts payable and accrued expenses:						
Accounts	\$	48,425	\$	10,790	\$	11,545
Deposits		14,400		-		-
Accrued interest		22,586		16,198		-
Intergovernmental		17,993				
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$</u>	103,404	\$	26,988	\$	11,545

June 30, 2008

NOTE 9: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount	
Local Street Fund	General Fund	\$	300	
Cemetery Operating Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		1,787	
Sewer Fund	General Fund		1,088	
Sewer Fund	Water Fund		75,000	
Water Fund	General Fund		2,021	
		\$	80,196	

Management does not anticipate individual interfund balances to remain outstanding for periods in excess of one year. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund statements were as follows:

Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred To	Amount	
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
	Major Street Fund	\$ -	
	Local Street Fund	75,000	
	Fire Fund	36,466	
	Cemetery Operating Fund	28,907	
	DPW Park Maintenance Fund	105,820	
	Parks and Recreation Fund	29,504	
	Equipment Replacement Fund	34,375	\$ 310,072
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Cemetery Operating Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		4,376
	Total		\$ 314,448

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the various funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City manages its workers'

June 30, 2008

compensation insurance by participating in Michigan Municipal League, a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members.

The City pays an annual premium to Michigan Municipal League for its insurance coverage. The Michigan Municipal League is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based coverage for each incident to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City obtains its other insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company.

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System)

Plan Description – The City's defined benefit pension plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the MERS Retirement Board. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. The Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 N. Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

Funding Policy – The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the City's management and personnel policy. The required employee contribution rates and the City's actuarially determined rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

T 7 T 4.	Employer	Employee
Valuation Division	Contribution Rate	Contribution Rate
Division	Kaie	Kate
General - Non-Union	12.37%	4.70%
Police - Non-Union	17.14%	4.80%
General - Union	9.89%	4.70%
Clerical - Union	9.61%	4.70%
Police - POAM	11.00%	4.80%

Annual Pension Costs – For year ended June 30, 2008, the City's annual pension cost of \$96,276 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2005, using the entry actual age cost method. Significant actuarial assumption used include: (i) an 8% investment rate of return; (ii) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year; and (iii) 2.5% per year cost of living adjustments. All are determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized at a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

June 30, 2008

Three year trend information as of June 30, follows:

	 2008			2006	
Annual pension cost	\$ 96,276	\$	105,265	\$	92,416
Percentage of APC contributed	100%		100%		100%
Net pension obligation	-		-		-

Funded Status -

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date, December 31,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2007	\$ 4,452,504	\$ 5,181,781	\$ 729,277		\$ 1,018,319	72%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

Post Employment Benefits:

In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City has a policy of paying the health insurance of all department heads upon retirement that had obtained twenty years of service. This benefit is payable until death. Currently, there are four retirees eligible for and receiving this benefit. The City is using a pay-as-you-go method of funding this benefit. The amount paid for the year ended June 30, 2008 was \$25,883.

Deferred Compensation Plan:

The employees of the City are allowed to contribute on a voluntary basis to a deferred compensation plan through payroll deductions. The plan is made available to all eligible employees by authority of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), and is administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Employees may set aside and invest portions of their current income to meet their financial requirements and supplement their retirement and social security benefits.

Upcoming Reporting Change - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, *Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year beginning July 1, 2009.

June 30, 2008

NOTE 12: FUND EQUITY

Specific reservations on fund equity include:

Reserved for inventory – This reserve was created to indicate that the portion of fund balance represented by inventory is not available for appropriation and expenditure.

Reserved for prepaid expenditures – This reserve was created to indicate that the portion of fund balance represented by prepaid expenditures is not available for appropriation.

Reserved for nonexpendable cemetery principal – This reserve was created to indicate that portion of fund balance representing the nonexpendable principal portion required to be retained in perpetuity for cemetery care.

Specific designations on fund equity include:

Designated for accumulated sick leave – This designation was created to indicate funds set aside to cover payment of accumulated sick leave.

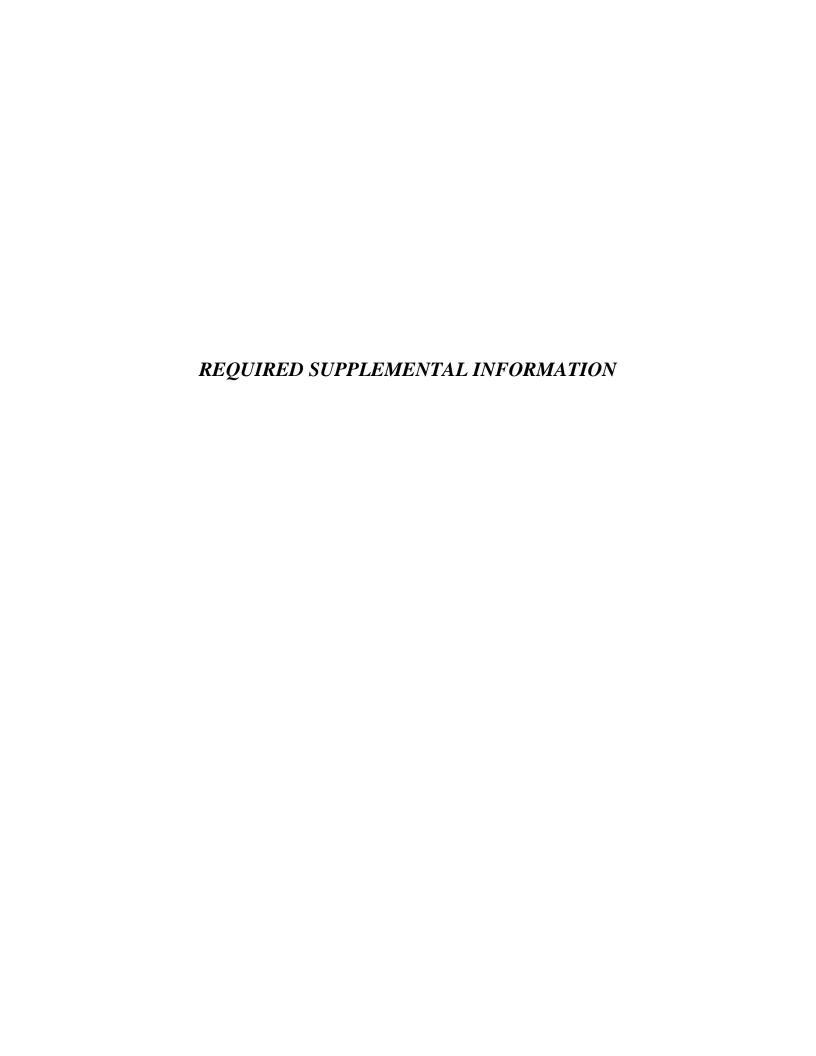
NOTE 13: COMPONENT UNITS REPORTING

Statement of Net Assets:						
	Economic		Downtown		<i>a</i>	Total
		elopment poration		velopment uthority	Co	omponent Units
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,073	\$	54,044	\$	136,117
Receivables		-		100,192		100,192
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable capital assets				52,663		52,663
Total assets		82,073		206,899		288,972
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,427		6,118		11,545
Total liabilities		5,427		6,118		11,545
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets		-		52,663		52,663
Unrestricted		76,646		148,118		224,764
Total net assets	\$	76,646	\$	200,781	\$	277,427

June 30, 2008

Statement of Activities:

	Economic		Do	wntown	Total		
	Development			elopment	$C\epsilon$	omponent	
	Corporation				<u>Units</u>		
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	1,980	\$	1,980	
General revenues							
Property taxes		44,288		41,610		85,898	
Investment earnings		403		417		820	
Miscellaneous		-		400		400	
Special item - Gain on sale of property				150		150	
Total revenues		44,691		44,557		89,248	
Expenses:							
Community and economic development		24,497		18,260		42,757	
Total expenses		24,497		18,260		42,757	
Change in net assets		20,194		26,297		46,491	
Net assets, beginning of year		107,610		123,326		230,936	
Net assets, end of year	\$	127,804	\$	149,623	\$	277,427	

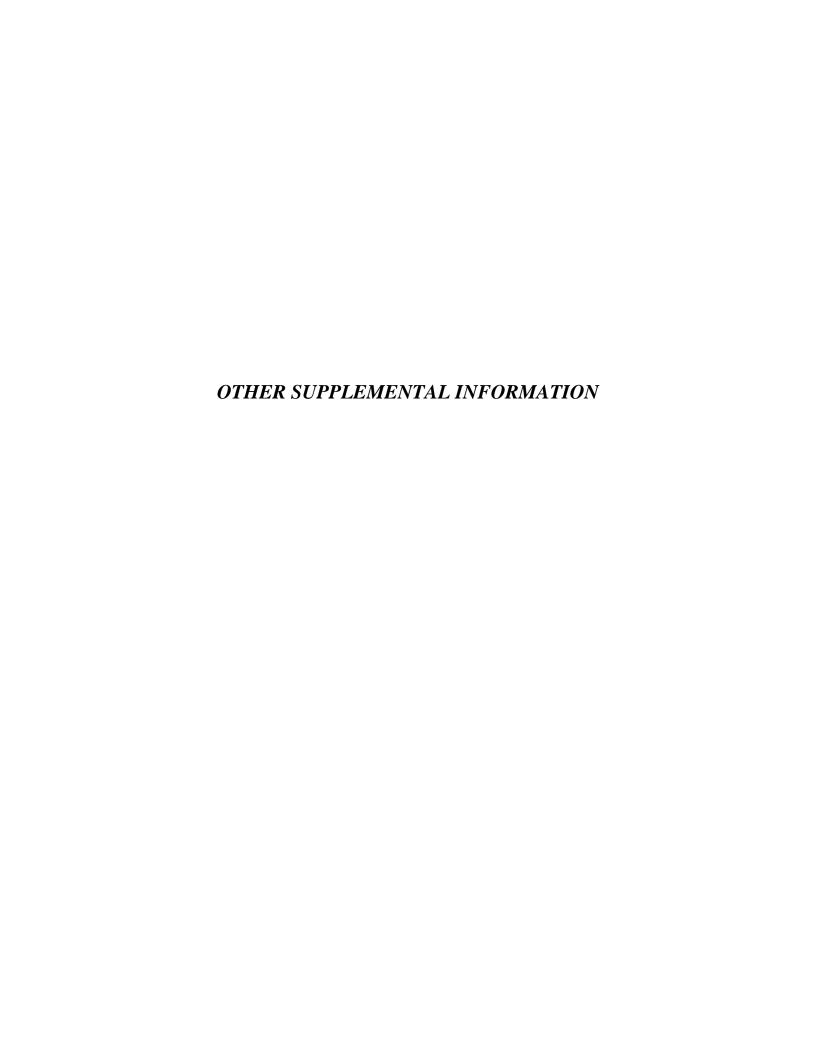


SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date		12/31/07	12/31/06	12/31/05	
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	4,452,504	\$ 4,163,696	\$	3,888,727
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		5,181,781	4,956,839		4,697,685
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)		729,277	793,143		808,958
Funded Ratio		86%	84%		83%
Covered Payroll		1,018,319	1,001,592		1,001,251
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		72%	79%		81%

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

				Variance
	Budgeted	Amounts		with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 925,416	\$ 921,757	\$ 919,307	\$ (2,450)
Licenses and permits	10,506	10,506	11,094	588
State grants	366,923	362,683	362,631	(52)
Contributions from other units	5,166	5,166	5,166	-
Charges for services	209,559	209,559	205,992	(3,567)
Fines and forfeits	10,000	10,000	7,583	(2,417)
Interest and rents	219,997	206,497	205,162	(1,335)
Other revenue	113,645	109,120	107,500	(1,620)
Total revenues	1,861,212	1,835,288	1,824,435	(10,853)
Expenditures: Current				
General government	526,762	529,822	484,569	(45,253)
Public safety	568,352	527,664	509,155	(18,509)
Public works	267,109	267,368	251,037	(16,331)
Health and welfare	22,585	22,585	22,584	(1)
Community and economic development	6,000	5,740	4,817	(923)
Other	15,345	14,646	34,239	19,593
Capital outlay	15,400	33,240	20,322	(12,918)
Debt service				
Principal	81,372	76,682	76,682	-
Interest and fees	34,695	39,386	39,411	25
Total expenditures	1,537,620	1,517,133	1,442,816	(74,317)
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	323,592	318,155	381,619	63,464
Other financing sources (uses):				
Insurance recoveries	-	6,700	14,110	7,410
Transfers to other funds	(309,496)	(316,672)	(310,072)	6,600
Total other financing sources (uses)	(309,496)	(309,972)	(295,962)	14,010
Net change in fund balance	14,096	8,183	85,657	77,474
Fund balance, beginning of year	429,711	429,711	429,711	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 443,807	\$ 437,894	\$ 515,368	\$ 77,474



DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

Revenues:	
Current Taxes:	Ф 977.225
Property taxes	\$ 877,235
Penalties and interest	10,432
Administration fees	27,214
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,426 919,307
	919,307
Licenses and permits:	2 000
Business licenses and permits CATV franchise fees	2,880
CAT v Tranchise fees	8,214 11,094
	11,094
State Grants:	
Liquor license fees	1,196
State revenue sharing - sales tax	359,914
Police	1,521
	362,631
Contribution from other units:	
Bullard Sanford Memorial Library - administrative charges	5,166
Changes for samises	
Charges for services:	110.007
Refuse collection fees	110,097
Ambulance	22,785
Police services and reports	2,990
Other Charges to other funds	10,182 59,938
Charges to other runds	205,992
Fines and forfeits: Ordinance fines	7,583
Ordinance fines	7,363
Interest and rents:	
Interest	33,569
Equipment rent	163,543
Rents	8,050
	205,162
Other Revenue:	
Contributions and donations	17,700
Reimbursements	79,813
Loan repayments	4,066
Other	5,921
	107,500
Total revenues	1,824,435
Total revenues	1,024,433
Other Financing Sources:	
Insurance recoveries	14,110
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 1,838,545

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

Expenditures:	
General Government:	
Mayor and Council:	
Personnel	\$ 2,650
Fringe benefits	203
Conference and travel	345
Printing and publications	5,641
Other	97
	8,936
Manager:	
Personnel	66,167
Fringe benefits	13,266
Supplies	165
Dues and subscriptions Conference and travel	315 996
Conference and traver	
	80,909
Clerk:	47.602
Personnel	47,693
Fringe benefits	10,563
Supplies	229
Dues and subscriptions Conference and travel	190 1,072
Conference and traver	59,747
Audit:	
Contracted services	9,240
Information Technology:	
Contracted services	11,916
Treasurer:	
Personnel	75,551
Fringe benefits	48,694
Contracted services	650
Dues and subscriptions	145
Conference and travel	69
	125,109
Assessor:	500
Personnel	600
Contracted services	9,000 296
Printing and publications	9,896
Elections:	
Supplies	1,590
Contracted services	1,838
	3,428

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2008

Expenditures, continued:	
General Government, continued:	
Building and Grounds:	
Personnel	67,769
Fringe benefits	13,102
Supplies	13,556
Contracted services	3,981
Communication	8,712
Dues and subscriptions	3,769
Conference and travel	2,093
Utilities	17,932
Repairs and maintenance	16,724
Equipment rental	3,040
Other	231
	150,909
Attorney:	
Contracted services	23,784
Community Promotion and Marketing:	
Supplies	445
Contracted services	250
	695
Total general government	484,569
Public Safety:	
Police:	
Personnel	325,062
Fringe benefits	140,955
Supplies	18,772
Contracted services	3,576
Communication	4,143
Dues and subscriptions	185
Conference and travel	2,972
Insurance	5,283
Repairs and maintenance	8,014
Equipment rental	193
	509,155
Public Works:	
Department of Public Works:	
Personnel	23,283
Fringe benefits	4,829
Supplies	24,732
Contracted services	1,611
Repairs and maintenance	12,811
Equipment rental	4,139

71,405

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, CONTINUED

Expenditures, continued:	
Sidewalks:	
Personnel	3,400
Fringe benefits	257
Supplies	583
Repairs and maintenance	5,212
Equipment rental	1,951
	11,403
Street Lighting:	
Utilities	53,556
Refuse:	
Contracted services	108,488
CS.M. M. 100 502 (1200)	
Parking Lot:	
Personnel	1,200
Fringe benefits	90
Supplies	121
Utilities	3,233
Equipment rental	1,541
	6,185
m - 1 - 111 - 1	251.005
Total public works	251,037
Health and Welfare:	
Ambulance:	
Contracted services	22,584
Community and Economic Development:	
Economic Development:	
Contracted services	4,740
Equipment rental	77
	4,817
Other:	
Insurance and bonds	11,646
Fringe benefits	1,188
Tax tribunal refunds	21,405
	34,239
	<u> </u>

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, CONTINUED

Expenditures, continued:	
Capital Outlay:	
General government	12,447
Public safety	925
Public works	6,950
	20,322
Debt Service:	
Principal	76,682
Interest and fees	39,411
	116,093
Total expenditures	1,442,816
Other Financing Uses:	
Transfers to other funds	310,072
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 1,752,888

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund	Highway Fund	Fire Fund	Cemetery Operating Fund	Band Fund				
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 250,621	\$ 229,539	\$ (20,906)		\$ 12,988	\$ 2,160				
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	20,888	1,995	-				
Special assessments receivable	-	3,203	-	-	-	-				
Notes receivable	-	-	-	29,999	-	-				
Accrued interest receivable	-	148	-	-	-	-				
Due from other governmental units	23,787	9,318	34,084	-	-	-				
Due from other funds	-	300	-	-	1,787	-				
Prepaid expenditures	3,076	3,076		283	153					
Total assets	\$ 277,484	\$ 245,584	\$ 13,178	<u>\$ 151,061</u>	\$ 16,923	\$ 2,160				
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ 400	\$ 341	\$ 60	\$ 2,917	\$ 477	\$ 487				
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Deferred revenue		3,203		29,999						
Total liabilities	400	3,544	60	32,916	477	487				
Fund balances:										
Reserved for:										
Prepaid expenditures	3,076	3,076	-	283	153	-				
Nonexpendable cemetery principal	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Unreserved:										
Special revenue funds	274,008	238,964	13,118	117,862	16,293	1,673				
Total fund balances	277,084	242,040	13,118	118,145	16,446	1,673				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 277,484	\$ 245,584	\$ 13,178	\$ 151,061	\$ 16,923	\$ 2,160				

			Special Revenue Funds									Po	ermanent Fund		
DPW Park Maintenance Fund		Parks and Recreation Fund		nd Street		Drug Law Enforcement Fund		Equipment Replacement Fund		DDA Loan Revolving Fund		Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	5,253	\$	5,301 1,500	\$	3,570	\$	517 - -	\$	74,252 - -	\$	32,230	\$	120,796 400	\$	816,212 24,783 3,203
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- -		15,673		- - -		45,672 148 67,189
	- 293		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>	_	-		<u>-</u>	_	- -		2,087 6,881
\$	5,546	\$	6,801	\$	3,570	\$	517	\$	74,252	\$	47,903	<u>\$</u>	121,196	<u>\$</u>	966,175
\$	1,360	\$	138	\$	569 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - 15,673	\$	- 1,787 -	\$	6,749 1,787 48,875
	1,360		138		569				-		15,673		1,787		57,411
	293		- -		-		-		- -		- -		- 119,409		6,881 119,409
	3,893		6,663		3,001		517		74,252		32,230		-		782,474
	4,186		6,663		3,001		517		74,252		32,230		119,409		908,764
\$	5,546	\$	6,801	\$	3,570	\$	517	\$	74,252	\$	47,903	\$	121,196	\$	966,175

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

			Special Rev	enue Funds		
	Major Street Fund	Local Street Highway Fund Fund		Fire Fund	Cemetery Operating Fund	Band Fund
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 50,563	\$ 25,154	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal grants	-	-	-	3,131	-	-
State grants	152,420	59,256	47,667		-	-
Contributions from other units	-	-	-	75,747	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	10	30,174	-
Interest and rents	7,331	8,536	84	4,067	239	124
Other revenue	429	5,414		141	10,949	480
Total revenues	210,743	98,360	47,751	83,096	41,362	604
Expenditures:						
General government	-	-	-	-	72,342	_
Public safety	-	-	-	104,928	_	_
Public works	160,023	159,797	39,679	-	-	-
Recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	-	3,384
Capital outlay	-	-	-	5,000	2,329	_
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	7,000	-	-
Interest and fees				4,522		
Total expenditures	160,023	159,797	39,679	121,450	74,671	3,384
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	50,720	(61,437)	8,072	(38,354)	(33,309)	(2,780)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers from other funds	-	75,000	-	36,466	33,283	-
Transfers to other funds						
Total other financing sources		75,000		36,466	33,283	
Net change in fund balance	50,720	13,563	8,072	(1,888)	(26)	(2,780)
Fund balances, beginning of year	226,364	228,477	5,046	120,033	16,472	4,453
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 277,084	\$ 242,040	\$ 13,118	\$ 118,145	\$ 16,446	\$ 1,673

			Specia	al Rev	enue Fi	ınds						manent Fund				
Mai	PW Park intenance Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Stre Ligh Fur	ting	Drug Enforc Fu	ement	Repl	uipment acement Fund	Re	DDA Loan volving Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		Perpetual N ng Care Go		Gov	Total fonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,717		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,131		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		259,343		
	-			-		-		=		-		-		75,747		
	560	9,53		-		- 10		1 5 4 0		1 212		-		40,281		
	9,167 748	161 7,100		242 5,893		18		1,548 7,830		1,213 750		4,376 2,600		37,106 43,334		
	10,475	16,798	3 7	7,135		18		9,378		1,963		6,976		534,659		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		72,342		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		104,928		
	116 500	46.200		5,660		-		-		-		-		366,159		
	116,522	46,302	2	-		-		-		-		-		166,208 7,329		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,329		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		7,000		
	-													4,522		
	116,522	46,302	2 6	5,660										728,488		
	(106,047)	(29,504	<u>1</u>)	475		18		9,378		1,963		6,976		(193,829)		
	105,820	29,504	Į.	_		_		34,375		_		_		314,448		
				-				-		-		(4,376)		(4,376)		
	105,820	29,504	<u> </u>					34,375		-		(4,376)		310,072		
	(227)	-		475		18		43,753		1,963		2,600		116,243		
	4,413	6,663	<u> </u>	2,526		499		30,499		30,267		116,809		792,521		
\$	4,186	\$ 6,663	<u>\$</u> \$ 3	3,001	\$	517	\$	74,252	\$	32,230	\$ 1	119,409	\$	908,764		

COMPONENT UNITS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2008

	Economic Development Corporation		Downtown Development Authority		Total Component Units	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable	\$	82,073	\$	54,044 100,192	\$	136,117 100,192
Total assets	\$	82,073	\$	154,236	\$	236,309
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:	Φ.	5 405	Φ.	c 110	Φ.	11.545
Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$	5,427	\$	6,118 100,192	\$	11,545 100,192
Total liabilities		5,427		106,310		111,737
Fund balances: Unreserved		76,646		47,926		124,572
Total fund balances		76,646		47,926		124,572
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	82,073	\$	154,236	\$	236,309
RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES TO NET AS Total fund balances for component units	SETS:				\$	124,572
Total net assets reported for the component units in the statement assets is different because:	ent of n	et				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	resourc	ees				
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation				52,663		52,663
Deferred revenues reported in the component units funds are revenues for the statement of activities.	ecogniz	ed as				
Notes						100,192
Net assets of component units					\$	277,427

COMPONENT UNITS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Dev	conomic relopment rporation	Downtown Development Authority		Total Component Units	
Revenues:	Φ.	44.200	A	44 540	Φ.	0.7.000
Property taxes Interest and rents	\$	44,288 403	\$	41,610 417	\$	85,898 820
Other revenue		-		1,118		1,118
Total revenues		44,691		43,145		87,836
Expenditures: Current						
Community and economic development		24,497	-	18,260		42,757
Total expenditures		24,497		18,260		42,757
Net change in fund balances		20,194		24,885		45,079
Fund balances, beginning of year		56,452	í 	23,041		79,493
Fund balances, end of year	\$	76,646	\$	47,926	\$	124,572
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE COME THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES: Net change in fund balances - component units Total change in net assets reported for the component units in the of activities is different because:			10		\$	45,079
Component units report capital outlays as expenditures. However statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.						
Capital outlay				-		
Less depreciation expense				-		-
Add gain on disposal of assets			-	150		150
Collection of certain items recorded as deferred revenue are concurrent financial resources in the component units funds. In to of activities these items have been recorded as revenue.						
Notes						1,262
Change in net assets of component units					\$	46,491

FIDUCIARY FUNDS – TRUST FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2008

	Fred LaPratt Memorial Fund
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,844
Total assets	\$ 2,844
Net Assets:	
Held in trust	2,844
Total net assets	\$ 2,844

FIDUCIARY FUNDS – TRUST FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NETS ASSETS

	Fred LaPratt Memorial Fund
Additions: Investment income	\$ 99
Total additions	99
Net increase (decrease)	99
Net assets held in trust, beginning of year	2,745
Net assets held in trust, end of year	\$ 2,844

FIDUCIARY FUNDS – AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

June 30, 2008

		July 1, 2007 Additions		Additions	Deductions			June 30, 2008
Agency Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,967	\$	1,902,396	\$	1,900,621	\$	21,742
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	19,967	\$	1,902,396	\$	1,900,621	\$	21,742
Tax Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	474	\$	927,598	\$	906,715	\$	21,357
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Due to other governmental units	\$	474	\$	9,184 918,414	\$	8 906,707	\$	9,650 11,707
Total liabilities	\$	474	\$	927,598	\$	906,715	\$	21,357
Total habilities	Ψ	4/4	Ψ	921,396	Ψ	900,713	Ψ	21,337
Total Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,441	\$	2,829,994	\$	2,807,336	\$	43,099
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	20,441	\$	1,911,580	\$	1,900,629	\$	31,392
Due to other governmental units	Φ.	-	Φ.	918,414		906,707	Φ.	11,707
	\$	20,441	\$	2,829,994	\$	2,807,336	\$	43,099

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2008

RURAL DEVELOPMENT LOAN - FIRE TRUCK

Issue dated September 20, 2004 in the amount of \$ 111,700

Less: Principal paid in prior years (13,000)

Principal paid in current year (7,000)

Balance payable at June 30, 2008 \$ 91,700

Balance payable as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	cipal due ember 1	 rest due tember 1	 erest due arch 1	A	Total Annual uirement
2009	4.75%	\$ 7,000	\$ 2,178	\$ 2,012	\$	11,190
2010	4.75%	7,000	2,012	1,845		10,857
2011	4.75%	7,000	1,845	1,679		10,524
2012	4.75%	7,000	1,679	1,513		10,192
2013	4.75%	7,000	1,513	1,347		9,860
2014	4.75%	8,000	1,347	1,157		10,504
2015	4.75%	8,000	1,157	967		10,124
2016	4.75%	8,000	967	777		9,744
2017	4.75%	8,000	777	587		9,364
2018	4.75%	8,000	587	397		8,984
2019	4.75%	8,000	397	207		8,604
2020	4.75%	 8,700	 	 		8,700
		\$ 91,700	\$ 14,459	\$ 12,488	\$	118,647

Note: The Fire Fund is obligated for this loan.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2008

INSTALLMENT PURCHASE AGREEMENT - STREET SWEEPER

Issue dated	\$ 162,800	
Less:	Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year	(50,739) (26,650)
Balance pay	\$ 85,411	

Balance payable as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	cipal due tober 28	 erest due tober 28	A	Total Annual uirement
2009	3.30%	\$ 27,537	\$ 2,862	\$	30,399
2010	3.30%	28,459	1,940		30,399
2011	3.30%	 29,415	 984		30,399
		\$ 85,411	\$ 5,786	\$	91,197

Note: The General Fund is obligated for this loan.

INSTALLMENT PURCHASE AGREEMENT - 2005 CROWN VICTORIA POLICE CARS (2)

Issue dated Au	\$ 47,126	
Less:	Principal paid in prior years	(31,435)
	 (15,691)	
Balance payab	\$ _	

Note: The General Fund is obligated for this loan.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2008

2006 COUNTY CONTRACT FINANCING

Issue dated	\$ 686,826	
Less:	Principal paid in prior years	(34,341)
	Principal paid in current year	 (34,341)
Balance pay	able at June 30, 2008	\$ 618,144

Balance payable as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	Principal due December 1		Interest due December 1		Total Annual Requirement	
2009	5.317%	\$	34,341	\$	32,959	\$	67,300
2010	5.317%		34,341		31,043		65,384
2011	5.317%		34,341		29,217		63,558
2012	5.317%		34,341		27,391		61,732
2013	5.317%		34,341		25,635		59,976
2014	5.317%		34,341		23,739		58,080
2015	5.317%		34,341		21,913		56,254
2016	5.317%		34,341		20,086		54,427
2017	5.317%		34,341		18,310		52,651
2018	5.317%		34,341		16,434		50,775
2019	5.317%		34,341		14,608		48,949
2020	5.317%		34,341		12,782		47,123
2021	5.317%		34,341		10,986		45,327
2022	5.317%		34,341		9,130		43,471
2023	5.317%		34,341		7,304		41,645
2024	5.317%		34,341		5,478		39,819
2025	5.317%		34,341		3,662		38,003
2026	5.317%		34,347		1,820		36,167
		\$	618,144	\$	312,497	\$	930,641

Note: The General Fund is obligated for this debt.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2008

1998 SERIES - WATER SUPPLY AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS

Issue dated August 13, 1998 in the amount of \$ 2,775,000

Less: Principal paid in prior years (1,335,000)

Principal paid in current year (170,000)

Balance payable at June 30, 2008 \$ 1,270,000

Balance payable as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	Principal due		Interest due		Total Annual Requirement	
2009	4.800%	\$	170,000	\$	64,792	\$	234,792
2010	4.900%		180,000		56,633		236,633
2011	5.125%		50,000		47,812		97,812
2012	5.125%		50,000		45,250		95,250
2013	5.125%		50,000		42,688		92,688
2014	5.125%		50,000		40,125		90,125
2015	5.125%		50,000		37,562		87,562
2016	5.125%		50,000		35,000		85,000
2017	5.125%		45,000		32,438		77,438
2018	5.125%		45,000		30,131		75,131
2019	5.250%		45,000		27,825		72,825
2020	5.250%		45,000		25,462		70,462
2021	5.250%		45,000		23,100		68,100
2022	5.250%		70,000		20,738		90,738
2023	5.250%		65,000		17,062		82,062
2024	5.250%		65,000		13,650		78,650
2025	5.250%		65,000		10,238		75,238
2026	5.250%		65,000		6,825		71,825
2027	5.250%		65,000		3,412		68,412
		\$	1,270,000	\$	580,743	\$	1,850,743

Note: The Sewer Fund is obligated for 56.3964% and the Water Fund is obligated for 43.6036% of this debt.

Sewer Fund \$ 716,234 Water Fund 553,766 \$ 1,270,000



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Vassar, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Vassar as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Vassar's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will no be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We identified deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above, as follows:

Recording, Processing and Summarizing Accounting Data

Criteria: All governments are required to have in place internal controls over recording, processing and summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements.

Conditions: As is the case with many smaller and medium-sized entities, the government has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the recording, processing and summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the government has placed reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the government's internal controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by the government's decision that it is more cost effective to have external auditors recommend the necessary adjusting journal entries to its general ledger and prepare the financial statements than to incur the time and expense for the government to perform these tasks internally.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the government lacks internal controls over the recording, processing and summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements, and instead relied, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

View of Responsible Officials: The government has evaluated the cost versus benefit of establishing internal controls over the recording, processing and summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements, and determined that it is in the best interests of the government to rely on its external auditors to recommend the necessary adjustments and preparation of the financial statements.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Vassar's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berthiaume & Co.

Saginaw, Michigan October 29, 2008



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REQUIRED COMMUNICATION TO THE CITY OF VASSAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Vassar

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Vassar for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated January 2, 2008, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our engagement letter.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Vassar are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements.

Disclosures

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures may be particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users.

<u>Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit</u>

We encountered no difficulties in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements, if any.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 29, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Internal Control Matters

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Vassar as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City of Vassar's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Municipality's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that misstatement of the Municipality's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Municipality's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Municipality's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined above.

Deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above, follow:

Recording, Processing and Summarizing Accounting Data

Criteria: All governments are required to have in place internal controls over recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements. SAS No. 112 requires us to communicate with you about this.

Conditions: As is the case with many smaller and medium-sized entities, the government has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the government has placed reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the government's internal controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by the government's decision that it is more cost effective to have external auditors recommend the necessary adjusting journal entries to its general ledger and prepare the financial statements than to incur the time and expense for the government to perform these tasks internally.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the government lacks internal controls over the recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements, and instead relied, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

View of Responsible Officials: The government has evaluated the cost versus benefit of establishing internal controls over the recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements, and determined that it is in the best interests of the government to rely on its external auditors to recommend the necessary adjustments and preparation of the financial statements.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, Council, and others within the Municipality, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely.

Rerthiaume & lo.

Berthiaume & Company Certified Public Accountants Saginaw, Michigan

October 29, 2008